# M.SC., COMPUTER SCIENCE

# FIRST YEAR

PAPERS	Subject	Max. Marks	Exam Hrs
1	Advanced Microprocessors and its Applications	100	3
2	Object Oriented Analysis Design	100	3
3	<b>Data Base Management System</b>	100	3
4	Advanced Computer Architecture	100	3
5	Web Based Technology	ased Technology 100	
Practical 1	OOAD & Web Based Technology	100	3

# SECOND YEAR

PAPERS	Subject	Max. Marks	Exam Hrs
1	<b>Modern Operating System</b>	100	3
2	Client / Server Technology	100	3
3	Principles of Compiler Design	100	3
4	Multimedia & its Applications	100	3
5	Advanced java programming	100	3
Practical 2	Advanced Java programming	100	3
	Project Work	200	-

# First year

#### Paper - 1

# ADVANCED MICROPROCESSORS AND ITS APPLCIATIONS

# **UNIT-I**

Introduction: General structure of Microprocessors - Microprocessor Architecture - Pipelining.

#### **UNIT-II**

The Intel x86 family architecture: Introduction - Register Set - Data Formats - Addressing modes - Instruction set and assembly directives - Interrupt Segmentation - Paging Real time virtual Mode Execution.

#### UNIT - III

Study of Intel family of Advanced Processors: Intel 80286, i386,i486 and the Pentium.

# **UNIT - IV**

The Motorola MC680xO Architecture: Introduction - CPU Registers - Data Formats Addressing Modes - Instruction set and Assembly Directives -Memory Management - Instruction and Data Caches - Exception Processing: Study of M68000 Family Microprocessors.

# **UNIT-V**

RISC Processors: RISC Principles - The DEC Alpha AXP: Introduction Alpha AXP Architecture - Alpha AXP Implementation. The Power PC Family: Introduction - Power PC Architecture - Power PC 601 - IBM RS/6000.

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

I. Daniel Tabak, 'Advanced Microprocessors', 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill Inc, 1995.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- I. M. Ratiquzzaman, 'Microprocessors- Theory and Applications: Intel and Motorala', PHI, 1994.
- 2. Gilmore, 'Microprocessors Principles and Applications', McGraw Hill, International edition,. 1995.
- 3. Douglas V. Hall, 'Microprocessors and Interfacing Programming and Hardware', TMH, 1997.

# **OBJECT ORIENTED ANALYSIS AND DESIGN**

#### **UNIT-I**

Complexity - The object model: Evolution - elements - applications - Classes and objects - nature - relationship among classes and objects - building classes and objects.

#### UNIT - II

Classification: Importance of classification -identifying classes and objects - key abstraction and mechanisms - The Notation: Elements of notation - Class diagram -State transition diagram - Interaction diagrams - Module diagrams Process diagrams- Applying notations.

#### **UNIT-III**

The Process & Pragmatics: The process - The first principles - Micro und macro development process - Pragmatics - management and planning staffing\_ -release management - reuse - quality assurance-documentation tools -special topics benefits and risks of object oriented development.

#### **UNIT-IV**

Data Acquisition - Frameworks - Client I Server Computing.

#### UNIT - V

Artificial Intelligence - Command and control

# **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Grady Booch. 'Object Oriented Analysis and Design'. The Benjamin cummings publishing company. Second edition. 2001.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. James Rumbaugh, et al. 'Object - Oriented Modeling and Design'. PHI. 1998.

#### DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

#### **UNIT I:**

Introduction to Database system – Relations – Integrity constrains – Enforcing Integrity constrains – Query Languages – File Organizations and Indexes.

#### UNIT II:

Tree Structured indexing: ISAM - B+ trees - Format of a node: Search, Insert, Delete, Duplicates, B+ trees in practice multidimensional indexes - Hash based indexing.

#### **UNIT III:**

Relational algebra and calculus –  $SQL\,$  : The Query language – Security, views and SQL.

#### **UNIT IV:**

Conceptual design and the ER model – Schema refinement and normal forms.

#### **UNIT V:**

Parallel and distributed databases – Object database systems – Basic concepts of Network Model and Hierarchy model.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Database Management Systems – Raghu Ramakrishna, Mc. Graw Hill International Edition 1998.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Database System concepts Abraham silberschatz, Henry.F. Korth and S. Sudarsan Mc. Graw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 1997.
- 2. Database system management systems Majumdar, TMH.

#### ADVANCED COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE

#### **UNIT-I**

Theory of Parallelism: The state of computing - multiprocessors and multi computers multi vector and SIMD computers - PRAM and VLSI models - . architectural development tracks: Programs and Network properties: Conditions of Parallelism -program partitioning and scheduling - program mechanisms -.system interconnect architecture.

Principles of Scalable Performance: Performance metrics and measures parallel processing applications- speed up performance laws - scalability analysis and approaches.

#### **UNIT-II**

Hardware Technology - Advanced processor technology - superscalar and vector processors memory hierarchy technology - virtual memory technology back plane bus systems - cache memory organization- shared memory organizations- sequential and weak consistency models.

#### **UNIT-III**

Pipelining and Super scalar Techniques: Linear pipeline processors - non linear pipeline processors - instructions pipeline designs -arithmetic pipeline designs superscalar and super pipeline designs.

#### **UNIT-IV**

Multi processors and multi computers: Microprocessors system interconnects cache coherence and synchronization mechanisms- 3 generations of multi computers - message passing mechanisms.

Multi vector and SIMD computer: Vector processing principles – multi vector multiprocessors - compound vector processing- SIMD computer organizations

- the connection machine CMS.

36

# UNIT - V

Scalable, Multithread and Data flow Architectures: Latency hiding techniques

Principles of multithreading - fine grain multi computers - scalable and multithreaded

architectures -dataflow and hybrid architecture

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Kai Hwan, Advanced Computer Architecture: Parallelism, Scalability and Programmability, McGraw Hill Inc, 1993.

# **REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. Kai Hwang & F.A. Briggs, 'Computer Architecture and Parallel Processing, McGraw Hill Inc, 1985.

#### WEB BASED TECHNOLOGY

#### UNIT - I

Introduction to internet - Resources of, internet - H/w & S/w requirements of internet - Internet service -Protocols - Concepts - Internet clients and internet servers.

# UNIT – II

Introduction to HTML - Function of HTML in web publishing - Basic structural-Elements und their usage - Traditional text and formatting - Style. sheets formatting - Using tables for organization and layout - Advanced layout and positioning ;with style sheets - forms - frames and frame sets — Using images with HTML - Merging Multimedia, controls and plug-ins with HTML - Using the HTML object model and creating dynamic HTML pages - manipulating objects and responding to user interactions - Saving using preferences - Cookies and OPS.

#### UNIT- III

Scripting basics - Client side image maps - Introducing Java Script - Creating simple Java scripts - Using Java Scripts for forms - Using Java Scripts with Style sheets. Introduction to Java programming - JVM - Applet programming - Java Beans - JARS and Sate Computing - Integrating Java and Java Script.

# **UNIT -IV**

Introduction to CGI and scripting languages for server side- Types of scripting language - Basis CGI - CGI Application - User Interaction - DB connectivity - Web, indexing specific technologies for server side programming - Introduction to ASP - Active server objects - Active server components Database Management with ASP - Java Network Programming - Java servlets - serialization and RMI - JDBC.

# UNIT - V

Emerging and alternate Web Technologies - ActiveX controls for. the WWW XML - COM - DCOM - CORBA - E-Commerce

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Shelly Powers et al, "Dynamic Web Publishing", Techmedia, 1998.
- 2. Jamic Jaworski, "Java 1.2 Unleashes", Techmedia, 1998.
- 3. Robert Niles et al, "CGI by Examples", Que. 1996.
- 4. Scot Johnson et 111, "Using Active Server Pages", Que. 1997.

# **Second Year**

#### Paper - 1

#### MODERN OPERATING SYSTEM

# UNIT –I

Introduction - Hardware concepts - Software concepts - Design issues System models - Load balancing - Client server model - Remote Procedure calls - Process migration.

#### **UNIT-II**

Clock synchronization - Mutual exclusion - Election algorithms - Atomic transactions - Deadlocks - Threads.

#### UNIT – III

Processor allocation - scheduling - Distributed File System design Implementation-Trends in distributed file systems.

#### **UNIT-IV**

Real time Operating systems: Introduction - Performance measures for Real Time Systems - Estimating program Run Times. Task Assignment and Scheduling: Introduction - Classical uniprocessor - Scheduling Algorithms - RM Scheduling Algorithm [only description] - Preemptive EDF Algorithm[ Only description] - Task Assignment - Mode changes - Fault Tolerant Scheduling.

#### UNIT - V

Real time databases: Real Time Vs Gener\11 purp9se Databases - Main, memory databases - Transaction priorities - Transaction aborts -. Concurrency control issues - Databases for hard real time systems - Real time communications.

# **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. A.S. Tanenbaum, Modern operating Systems', Prentice Hall of India 1977 (Unit I, II & III ).
- 2. C.M. Krishna and Kang G. Shin, 'Real Time Systems', McGraw Hill, 1997. [Unit IV & V).

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Sinha.P. "Distributed Operating System', PHI.

#### CLIENT / SERVER TECHNOLOGY

# UNIT - I

Basic concepts of client/server - Characteristics - File servers - Database servers - Transaction servers - Groupware servers - Object Server,- Web Servers Fat Servers or Fat Clients-2, tier versus 3 tier - Client / server Building Blocks Operating system services base services. Extended services server scalability client Anatomy.

#### UNIT – II

NOS Middleware – peer to peer communications – RPC – MOM Middleware – MOM versus RPC – The fundamentals of SQL and relational database – server architecture – stored procedures, Triggers and Rules.

#### UNIT – III

Online transaction processing – Decision Support Systems – OLTP versus DSS programming effort. Database needs – Data warehouses – Elements – Hierarchies – replication versus direct access – Replication mechanism – EIS / DSS tools – Client / Server transaction processing : Transaction models – TP Monitors – Transaction management Standards.

# UNIT – IV

Groupware – Components – Distributed objects and components CORBA: Components - Object Management architecture – services – Business Objects.

# UNIT - V

Client / Server distributed system management – components – Management application – The Internet Management protocols – OSI management framework – The desktop management interface – X / open Management standards – Client / Server application development tools – Client / Server Application Design.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

1. "The Essential Client / Server Survival Guide", Robert Orfali, Dan Harkey and Jeri, Edwards, Second Edition, Galgotia.

# REFERENCE BOOKS

1. "Client / Server Computing", Dawna Travis Dewire, TMH

#### PRINCIPLES OF COMPILER DESIGN

# UNIT – I

Introduction to Compilers: Simple one-pass compiler – Lexical Analysis.

# UNIT – II

Symbol tables: Incorporating a symbol table – symbol tables – entries – list data structures for symbol table – Hash tables – scope information – syntax analysis – parsing.

# UNIT – III

Syntax – directed translation – Type checking type systems – specifications of simple type checker.

# UNIT – IV

Runtime organization: Source language issues Organizations – Storage allocation strategies – parameter passing. Intermediate code generation: Intermediate languages – declarations – assignment statements – Boolean expressions – case statements.

# UNIT - V

Code generation: Issues in design of code generator – target machine – run-time storage management – basic blocks and flow graphs – a simple code generator. Code optimization: Introduction – principle sources of optimization of basic blocks – loop in flow graphs.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

 A.S. Aho. R. Sethi and J.D. Ullman, compilers – Principles, Techniques and tools, Addition Wesley Publishing Company, 1986.

#### **Reference:**

1. Allen L. Holub, 'Compiler Design in C', Prentice Hall of India, 1993.

# Paper – 4

#### MULTIMEDIA AND ITS APPLICATIONS

# UNIT - I

Definition – Multimedia hardware – Multimedia software – Multimedia networking – Multimedia applications – Multimedia environments – Multimedia computer components – Multimedia standards – Multimedia PC.

# UNIT – II

Text Entering Text – Positioning – Sizing – Editing – fonts – Shadowing – Cloning – Building. Image and Graphs: Backdrops – Hanging pictures – Positioning capturing and converting Graphs – Compressing Bitmaps – controlling palates. Triggering: Hypertext – Hyper picture – Buttons – Editing links – Triggering in Backdrops – Analog Operating Systems support for Multimedia – CD family – Various CD – Formats – CD – ROM Format.

# UNIT – III

Digital Audio Representation and Processing: digital Representation of Sound – Transmission of Digital Sound – Digital signal processing of sound – Speech Recognition and synthesis, Wave for Audio Recording – CD Audio clip making – MIDI sequencing Video Technology – Digital video and image compression. Video compression Technique – JPEG Image compression Standards – MPEG Motion Video – compression Standards – Various File Storage, Digital Video Recording – Video clip making.

# UNIT – IV

File standards for Internet: SGML, HTML, XML – MINE – Voice mail – Video Tele conferencing – problems: Bandwidth – Performance measurement, Multimedia presentation and Authoring: Design paradigms and User Interface – Multimedia Application with case studies.

# UNIT - V

Virtual Reality: Introduction – A generic VR System – Virtual environment – VR Technology – Modes of interaction – VR Hardware – Sensor Hardware, Head coupled displays – Acoustic hardware – Integrated VR – VR Software – Modeling Virtual words – Physical simulations – VR applications.

# **Reference:**

- 1. Free T. Hotstetter, 'Multimedia Literacy', Mcgraw Hill, 1995.
- 2. Simon J, Gibbs, Dinoysios C. Tschriziz, 'Multimedia Programming', Addison Wesley, 1995.
- 3. John F. Koefgel Buford, 'Multimedia Systems', Addison Wesley, 1994.
- 4. John Vince, 'Vitrual Reality Systems', Addison Wesley, 1995.

#### ADVANCED JAVA PROGRAMMING

# UNIT – I JAVA BASICS REVIEW

Java streaming - Networking - Event handling - Multithreading - Byte code Interpretation - Customizing application - Data Structures - Collection classes.

#### UNIT – II DISTRIBUTED COMPUTING

Custom sockets - Remote Method Invocation - Activation - Object serialization - Distributed garbage collection - RMI - IIOP - Interface definition language - CORBA - JINI overview.

# UNIT - III JAVA BEANS AND SWING

Bean concepts - Events in bean box - Bean customization - Persistence - Application - deployment using swing - Advanced swing techniques - JAR file handling.

#### UNIT – IV JAVA ENTERPRISE APPLICATIONS

JNI - Servlets - Java Server Pages - JDBC - Session beans - Entity beans - Programming and deploying enterprise Java Beans - Java transactions.

# UNIT – V RELATED JAVA TECHNIQUES

Java Media Frame work - 3D graphics - Internationalization - Case study - Deploying n-tier application, E- commerce applications.

#### **References:**

- 1. Deitel & Deitel, "Java How to program", Prentice Hall, 4th Edition, 2000.
- 2. Gary Cornell and Cay S. Horstmann, "Core Java Vol 1 and Vol 2", Sun Microsystems Press, 1999.
- 3. Stephen Asbury, Scott R. Weiner, Wiley, "Developing Java Enterprise Applications", 1998.